

nts recorded during 2004. Approximate altitudes are indicated on the right  
s. Vertical lines indicate the average VMR from each time period.

ltaneous ACE (Atmospheric Chemistry Experiment) up  
ic CO, C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>6</sub>, HCN, CH<sub>3</sub>Cl, CH<sub>4</sub>, C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>3</sub>OH, HCOOH, a  
urements show plumes up to 185 ppbv (10<sup>-9</sup> per unit vo  
6 ppbv for C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>6</sub>, 755 pptv (10<sup>-12</sup> per volume) for CH<sub>4</sub>, 0.1  
H<sub>2</sub>, 3.89 ppbv for CH<sub>3</sub>OH, 0.843 ppbv for HCOOH, and C  
CS in western Canada and Alaska at 50°N-68°N latitude  
June and 23 July 2004. Enhancement ratios and emis  
HCOOH, CH<sub>3</sub>OH, HCN, C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>6</sub>, and OCS relative to CO at  
e inferred from measurements of young plumes compa  
mixing ratios assumed to represent background condi  
CO emission factor derived from boreal measurement  
generally consistent with the limited data reported for  
etative types and emission phases measured in extra  
ests including boreal forests. The low correlation betw  
t emission mixing ratios and the SF<sub>6</sub> mixing ratio is  
with no significant SF<sub>6</sub> emissions from the biomass fir

